

CHARACTERIZATION OF QUASI-COHERENT MODULES THAT ARE MODULE SCHEMES

INTRODUCTION

Let R be a commutative ring with unit. All functors we consider are functors over the category of commutative R -algebras. Given an R -module E , we denote by \mathbf{E} the functor of R -modules $\mathbf{E}(B) := E \otimes_R B$. We will say that \mathbf{E} is a quasi-coherent R -module. If E is an R -module of finite type we will say that \mathbf{E} is a coherent R -module. Given F, H functors of R -modules, $\mathbf{Hom}_R(F, H)$ will denote the functor of R -modules

$$\mathbf{Hom}_R(F, H)(B) = \text{Hom}_B(F|_B, H|_B)$$

where $F|_B$ is the functor F restricted to the category of commutative B -algebras. It holds that $\text{Hom}_R(\mathbf{E}, \mathbf{E}') = \text{Hom}_R(E, E')$. The category of R -modules is equivalent to the category of quasi-coherent R -modules ([A, 1.12]).

We denote $F^* := \mathbf{Hom}_R(F, \mathbf{R})$. We will say that \mathbf{E}^* is an R -module scheme.

The R -module functors that are essential for the development of the theory of the linear representations of an affine R -group are the quasi-coherent R -modules and the R -module schemes ([A]). The aim of this paper is to study when a quasi-coherent R -module is an R -module scheme. We will prove that it is equivalent to giving a characterization of projective R -modules of finite type.

The main result we are going to use is the following proposition.

Proposition 0.1. [A, 1.8] *Let E, E' be R -modules. Then:*

$$\mathbf{Hom}_R(\mathbf{E}^*, \mathbf{E}') = \mathbf{E} \otimes_R \mathbf{E}'.$$

Two immediate consequences are:

- (a) $\mathbf{E}^{**} = \mathbf{E}$ ([A, 1.10]).
- (b) *If E is a projective module, every morphism $\mathbf{E}^* \rightarrow \mathbf{V}$ factorizes via an epimorphism onto a coherent submodule of \mathbf{V} ([A, 4.5]).*

1. CHARACTERIZATION OF QUASI-COHERENT MODULES THAT ARE MODULE SCHEMES

Theorem 1.1. *Let E be an R -module. Then, \mathbf{E} is an R -module scheme if and only if E is a projective module of finite type.*

Proof. \Rightarrow) Assume $\mathbf{E} = \mathbf{V}^*$. For every R -module E' ,

$$\text{Hom}_R(E, E') = \text{Hom}_R(\mathbf{E}, \mathbf{E}') = \text{Hom}_R(\mathbf{V}^*, \mathbf{E}') \stackrel{0.1}{=} V \otimes_R E'.$$

E is a projective module because $\text{Hom}_R(E, -) = V \otimes_R -$, which is exact on the right.

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Since $\mathbf{V} \stackrel{0.1(a)}{=} \mathbf{V}^{**} = \mathbf{E}^*$, we have that V is a projective module. The image of the isomorphism $\mathbf{V}^* = \mathbf{E}$ is coherent (0.1 (b)). Then, E is an R -module of finite type.

\Leftarrow) Let us consider an epimorphism from a finitely generated free module L to E , $L \rightarrow E$. Taking dual we have an injective morphism $\mathbf{E}^* \hookrightarrow \mathbf{L}^*$. \mathbf{L}^* is isomorphic to a coherent module. The image of the morphism $\mathbf{E}^* \hookrightarrow \mathbf{L}^*$, which is \mathbf{E}^* , is coherent (0.1(b)). Then, $\mathbf{E} = \mathbf{E}^{**}$ is a module scheme. \square

Corollary 1.2. *An R -module E is projective of finite type if and only if*

$$\mathrm{Hom}_R(E, B) = \mathrm{Hom}_R(E, R) \otimes_R B$$

for every commutative R -algebra.

Proof. $\mathrm{Hom}_R(E, B) = \mathrm{Hom}_R(E, R) \otimes_R B$ for every commutative R -algebra if and only if \mathbf{E}^* is a quasi-coherent R -module. That is to say, if and only if \mathbf{E} is a module scheme, from the previous proposition, if and only if E is a projective module of finite type. \square

Corollary 1.3. *An R -module E is projective of finite type if and only if*

$$\mathrm{Hom}_R(E, E') = \mathrm{Hom}_R(E, R) \otimes_R E'$$

for every R -module E' .

In [B, Ch. II, §4.2, Prop. 2] it can be found the necessary condition of this corollary. For the sufficient one, we will only say that if $\mathrm{Id} = \sum_i w_i \otimes e_i \in \mathrm{Hom}_R(E, E) = E^* \otimes_R E$, then $E = \langle e_i \rangle$ is a module of finite type.

Corollary 1.4. *The quasi-coherent R -module corresponding to the R -module E^* is \mathbf{E}^* if and only if E is a projective module of finite type.*

REFERENCES

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